#### Homework #3 (Due on 12:00am, Thursday, Nov. 19th, 2015)

### 1 Pathloss with different wireless technologies

Consider a Jennic sensor node with 3dBm transmission power (antenna gain 0dBi), a mobile station that transmits at 2W in GSM (antenna gain 0dBi), a GSM base station that transmits at 10W (antenna gain 3dBi), a DAB (digital audio broadcasting) transmitter with 1 kW EIRP (230 MHz), a DVB-T (digital video broadcast) transmitter with an EIRP of 10kW (800 MHz). Furthermore, consider a Bluetooth transmitter with 2.5 mW EIRP (2.4GHz) and a Wlan transmitter with 100mW EIRP (2.4GHz).

Calculate the signal strength at a receiver at a distance of

- 1. 10cm
- 2. 1m
- 3. 1km
- 4. 10km

Assume that the receiver has an antenna gain of 0dBi.

Note: Antenna gain of a DVB-T roof-mounted antenna with 800MHz: 12dB. Indoor antenna: -2 to 0 dB)

# 2 CDMA encoding and decoding

Consdier four senders A, B, C, and D. Which are assigned the following chip sequences:

 $\begin{array}{l} A_{chip} = 11110000 \\ B_{chip} = 11000011 \\ C_{chip} = 10011001 \\ D_{chip} = 10010110 \\ The data sequences to transmit are \\ A_{data} = 00 \\ B_{data} = 11 \\ C_{data} = 10 \end{array}$ 

 $D_{data} = 10$  $D_{data} = 01$ 

- a) Please calculate the combined and encoded sequence obtained at a receiver
- b) Demonstrate the decoding of the respective sequences at the four receive nodes

## 3 Thermal noise

Estimate the thermal noise in an indoor environment (assume a room temperature of 20°C) for a 1Mhz signal.

## 4 CSMA/CA

How does CSMA/CA tackle the problem of collisions (what steps are taken at the sender and receiver respectively)?