

## Homework #12

(Due on Thursday, Jan 31<sup>th</sup>, 2019)

1. Illustrate how Alice can send a confidential email to Bob using public/private keying.
2. Why is a symmetric key used in most protocols to encrypt a data payload (the message etc.), even if a public/private key infrastructure exists?
3. Please explain in your own words the structure of the following PGP signed message (especially: how does the signature work?):

```
---BEGIN PGP SIGNED MESSAGE---  
Hash: SHA1  
Bob: My husband is out of town tonight. Passionately yours, Alice  
---BEGIN PGP SIGNATURE---  
Version: PGP 5.0  
Charset: noconv  
yhHJRHhGJGhgg/12EpJ+l08gE4vB3mqJhFEvZP9t6n7G6m5Gw2  
---END PGP SIGNATURE---
```

4. What are the three main phases of SSL?
5. On what layer does SSL reside and why is that advantageous?
6. Please sketch one typical scenario, where IPsec is used today.
7. What are the two main protocols that used in IPsec and what is their primary difference with respect to security properties?
  - a. How NAT traversal is affected by AH an ESP?
  - b. Explain a possible workaround in case one of the protocols is incompatible with NAT traversal.
8. Who handles the authentication information in an 802.11i scenario?
9. Explain the difference between stateless and stateful firewall.
10. Explain why Application Gateways are introduced and how they work.