



# Advanced Computer Networks

# Content-Centric Networking (II)

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## REVIEW

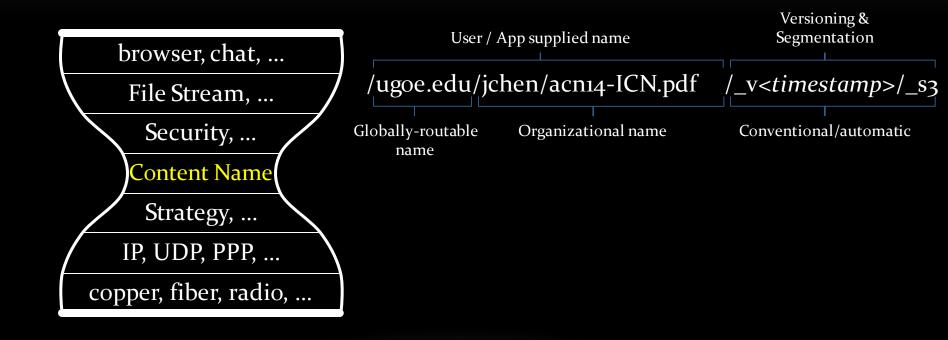
### Why CCN?

- User behavior is already Content-Centric
- But Network is still Location based
- The add-on systems to mitigate the mismatch also introduces overhead



### Review

- Why CCN?
- How does NDN achieve Content-Centric? (protocol level)





### REVIEW

- Why CCN?
- How does NDN achieve Content-Centric? (protocol level)
- What are the 2 packet types in NDN? Why NDN is inherit query/response?

#### Content Name

Selector (order preference, publisher filter, scope, ..)

Nonce

Interest (Request)

#### Content Name

**Content Descriptors** 

Signature (digest algorithm, witness, ...)

Signed Info

(publisher ID, key locator, stale time, ...)

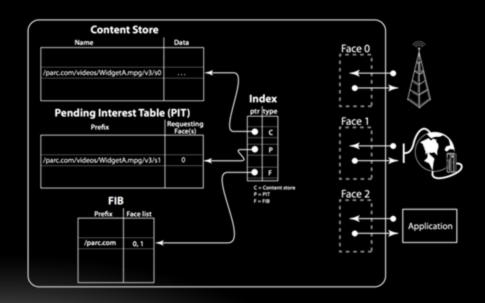
Data

Data (Response)



### REVIEW

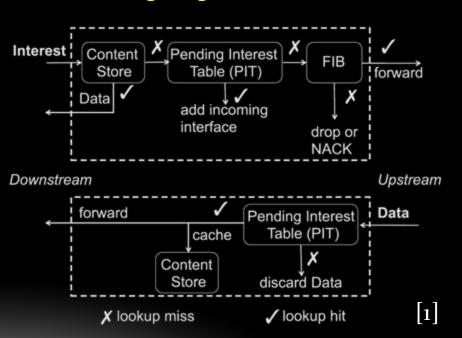
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- How does NDN achieve Content-Centric? (protocol level)
- What are the 2 packet types in NDN? Why NDN is inherit query/response?
- What are the data structures in a NDN forwarding engine? And functions?
  - Forwarding Information Base (FIB)
  - Pending Interest Table (PIT)
  - Content Store





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- What are the data structures in a NDN forwarding engine? And functions?
- Can NDN transfer live audio/video information?
- Callee (Bob) Caller (Alice) Yes, VoCCN does it. <registers a desire to see interests asking for content beginning with /domain/sip/bob/invite> Signaling Path Interest: /domain/sip/bob/invite/E<sub>okB</sub>(sk)/E<sub>sk</sub>(SIP INVITE message) Data: /domain/sip/bob/invite/E<sub>skn</sub>(sk)/E<sub>sk</sub>(SIP INVITE message) Signature Info: <metadata>, <signature>  $E_{sk}(SIP response message)$ Content: Interest: /domain/bob/call-id/rtp/seq-no Data: Name: /domain/bob/call-id/rtp/seq-no Media Path Signature Info: <metadata>, <signature> Content: SRTP packet (encrypted audio) Interest: /domain/alice/call-id/rtp/seq-no Data: Name: /domain/alice/call-id/rtp/seq-no Signature Info: <metadata>, <signature> ACN'15 - CONTENT-CENTRIC NETWORKING (II) SRTK packeto(encrypted audio) Content:

#### REVIEW

- Why CCN?
- How does NDN achieve Content-Centric? (protocol level)
- What are the 2 packet types in NDN? Why NDN is inherit query/response?
- What are the data structures in a NDN forwarding engine? And functions?
- Can NDN transfer live audio/video information?
- Is query/response enough for Internet use?



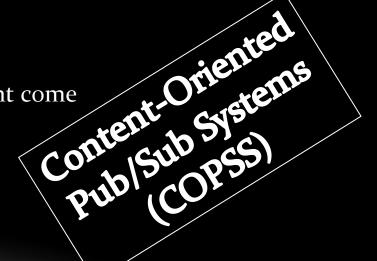
# Is Query/Response (Data Pulling) Enough?

#### RSS Feed

- User doesn't know what is going to be the next data in his/her interest
- Network doesn't know where to forward the request (if there is)
- Existing solutions (in HTTP/TCP/IP):
  - Server-based solution (e.g., Twitter)
  - Information aggregators (e.g., Google)
- Issues:
  - Overhead caused by polling server(s)
  - Timeliness

#### Gaming

- Player doesn't know when the next data might come
- Existing solutions (in IP):
  - Long-term link
  - Browser games (slow paced)
- Issues:
  - Overhead caused by maintaining links
  - NAT





## REQUIREMENTS OF EFFICIENT PUB/SUB

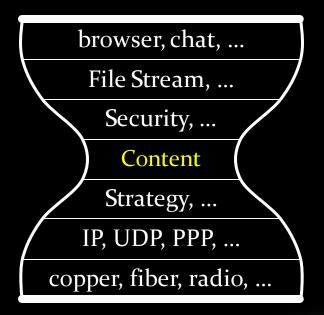
- Push
- Temporal Separation
- Scalability
- Efficiency
- Rendezvous-Point (RP) based communication

- Hierarchical topic management
- Two-step communication
- Offline-support
- Minimal changes, but significant architectural & functional improvement!



## Protocol Level Modification

- Adopt Content Descriptor (CD)
  - Using the same form of a Content Name
  - Different relationship between CD vs. Data



#### **Content Name:**

/ugoe.edu/jchen/acn14-ICN.pdf/\_v1/\_s1

#### **Content Descriptors:**

/networking/ICN /ugoe.edu/acn/2014 /ugoe.edu/jchen



## PACKET LEVEL MODIFICATION

- Adopt 2 new packet types:
  - Subscription
  - Publish [reuse Data packet]

#### **Content Descriptor**

Selector (order preference, publisher filter, scope, ..)

Nonce

Subscription

#### Content Name

Selector (order preference, publisher filter, scope, ..)

Nonce

Interest (Request)

#### Content Name

#### **Content Descriptors**

Signature (digest algorithm, witness, ...)

Signed Info (publisher ID, key locator, stale time, ...)

Data

Data (Response)

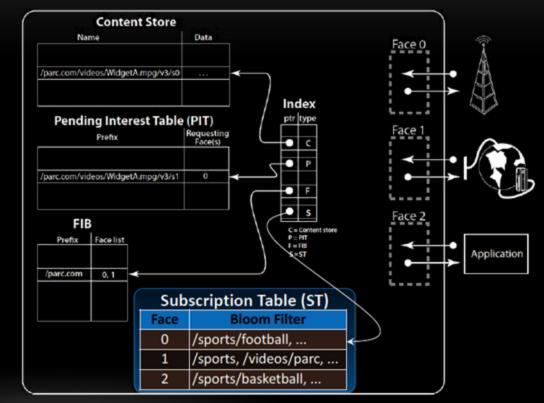
or Publish



## ROUTER LEVEL MODIFICATION

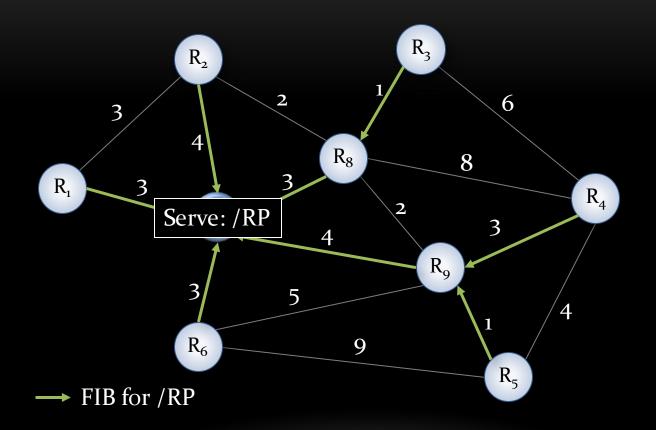
- Adopt Subscription Table (ST):
  - Record the subscriptions downstream
  - $CD \rightarrow Face$

- Global CD-RP Mapping Table
  - $CD \rightarrow RP$  Name

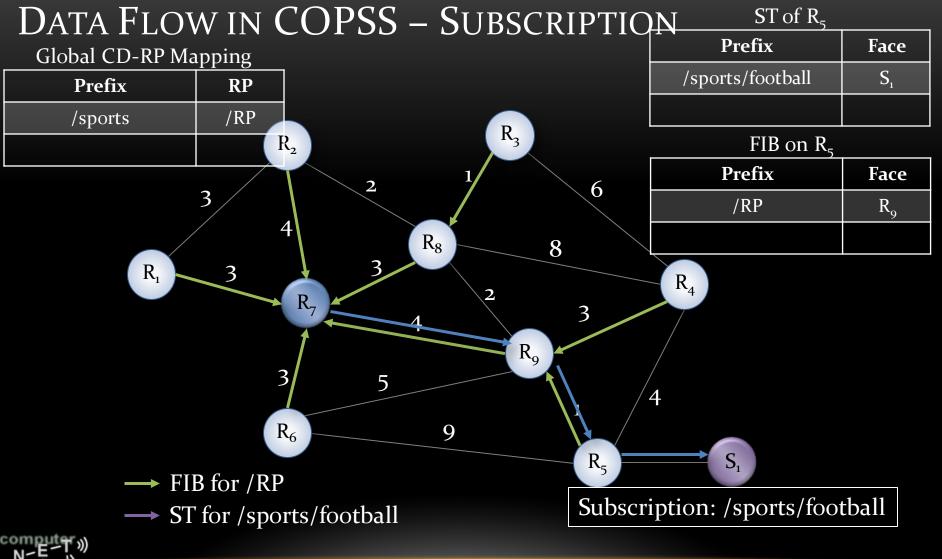




# Data Flow in COPSS – RP Registration





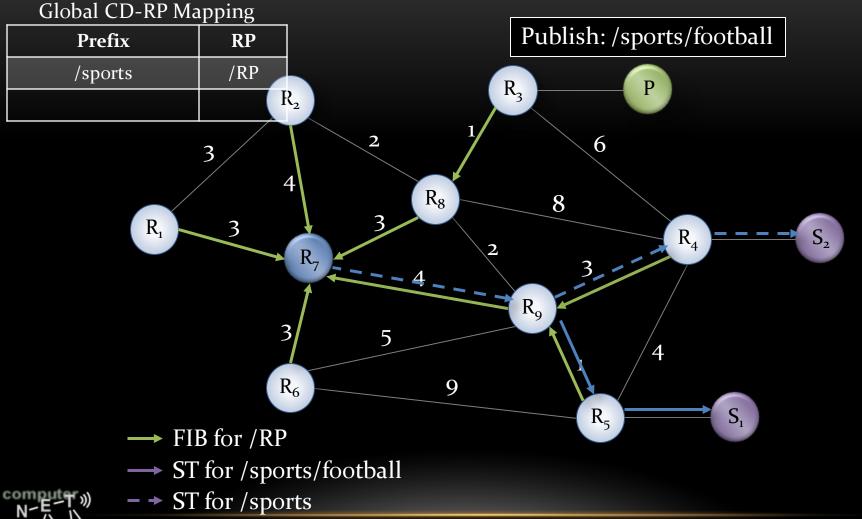


# DATA FLOW IN COPSS – ANOTHER SUBSCRIPTION

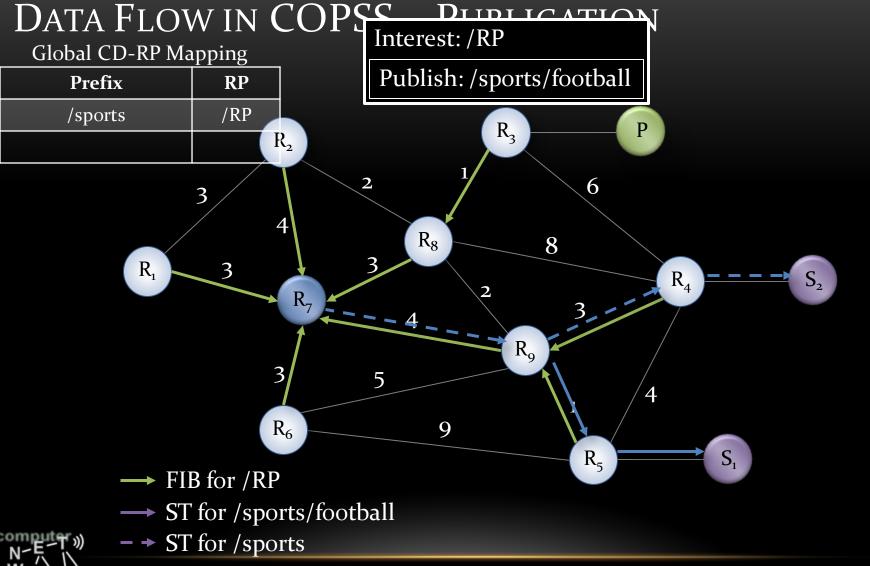
Global CD-RP Mapping **Prefix** RP /RP /sports  $R_3$  $\mathbb{R}_2$ 6 Subscription: /sports  $R_8$ 8  $R_{1}$  $R_4$  $R_7$  $R_9$ 5  $R_6$  $R_5$ FIB for /RP ST for /sports/football ST for /sports



# DATA FLOW IN COPSS - PUBLICATION

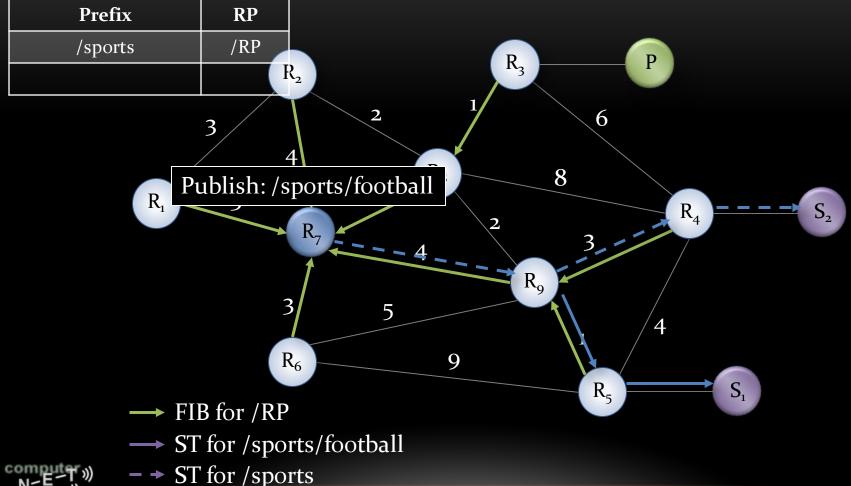






# DATA FLOW IN COPSS – PUBLICATION

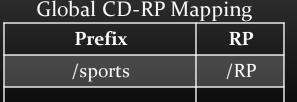


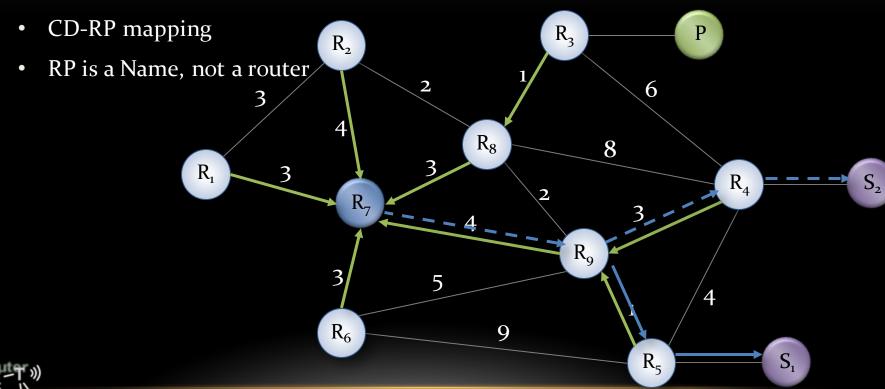




## PROBLEM 1: INFORMATION CONCENTRATION

- Description: Publish packets concentrated at RP(s)
- Solution: Automatic RP balancing
- How?



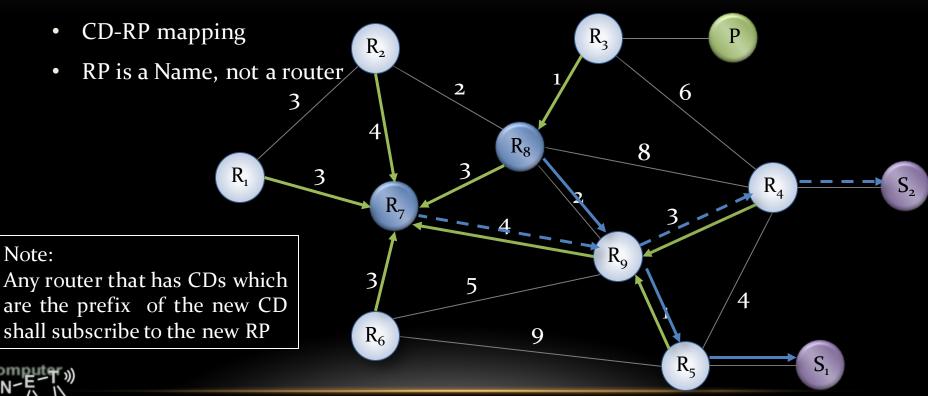


## PROBLEM 1: INFORMATION CONCENTRATION

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	<u> 11                                  </u>
Prefix	RP
/sports	/RP
/sports/football	/RP2

Global CD-RP Mapping



# PROBLEM 2: GLOBAL CD-RP MAPPING

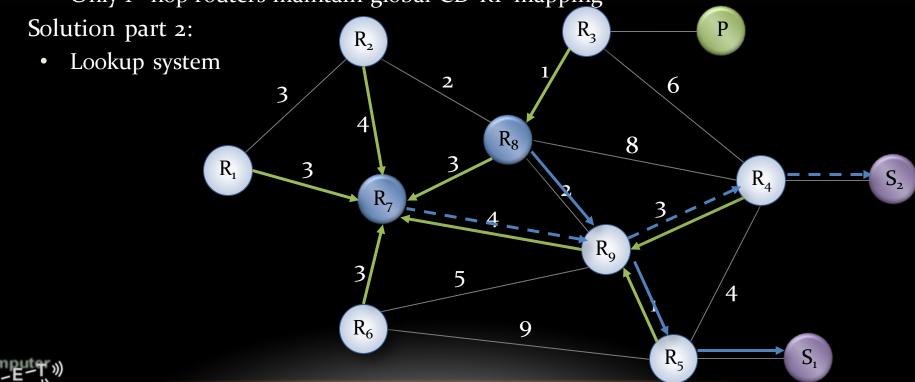
Description: Maintaining global CD-RP mapping table introduces overhead

• Solution part 1:

Only 1st hop routers maintain global CD-RP mapping

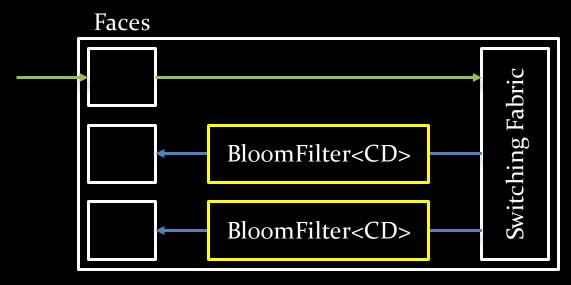


Prefix	RP
/sports	/RP
/sports/football	/RP2



# PROBLEM 3: ST SIZE

- Description: ST will have too many entries due to the unbounded CD space
- Solution:
  - From CD-Face(s) mapping to Face-BloomFilter<CD> mapping

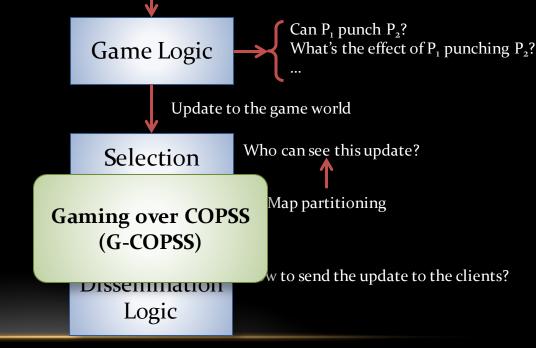


**Router Architecture** 



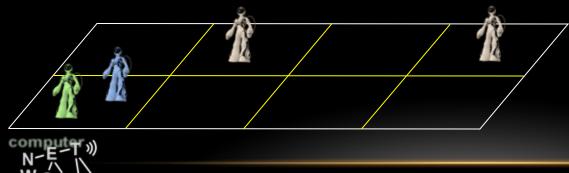
- Gaming is Content-Oriented Pub/Sub??
  - Players publish updates (actions) to an area, without regard to who's supposed to receive it
  - Players *subscribe* to their *current region*, without knowing who else in the region sending updates

    [Event {P<sub>v</sub>, punch, P<sub>2</sub>}]

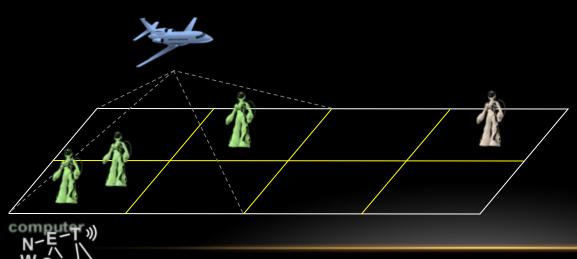




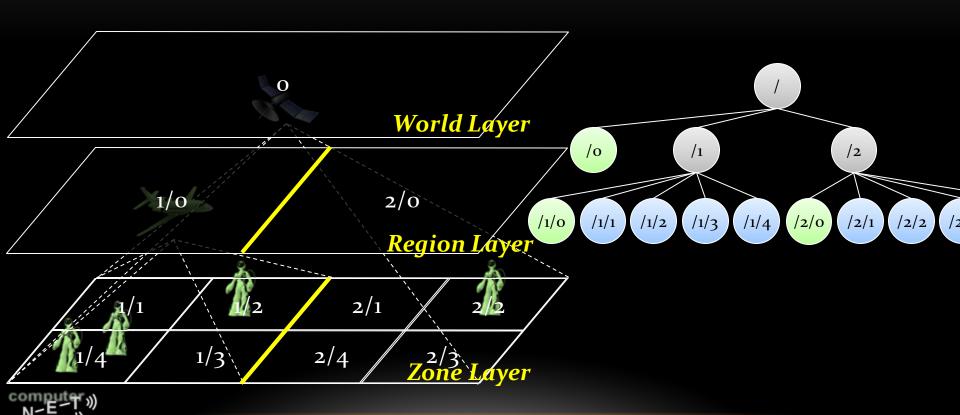
Hierarchical Map Partitioning



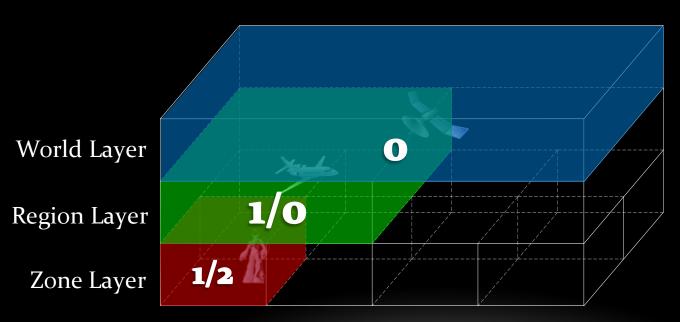
Hierarchical Map Partitioning



- Hierarchical Map Partitioning
  - Hierarchical CDs



- Hierarchical Map Partitioning
  - Pub/Sub rules



### **Satellite:**



- > Location: o
- > Pub: /o
- > **Sub:**/

#### Plane:



- ➤ Location: 1/o
- > Pub: /1/o
- > Sub: /1, /o

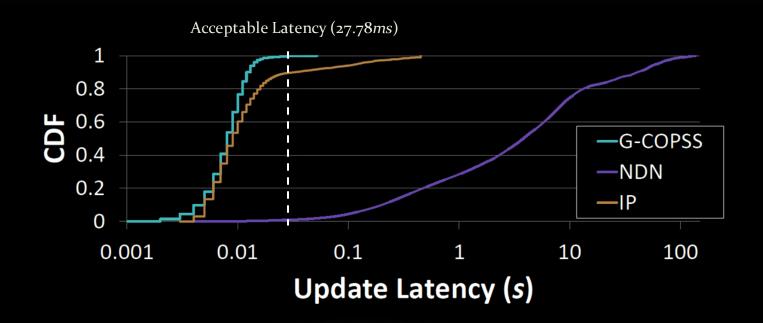
## **Soldier:**



- ➤ Location: 1/2
- Pub: /1/2
- > Sub: /1/2, /1/0, /0



• Performance Comparison





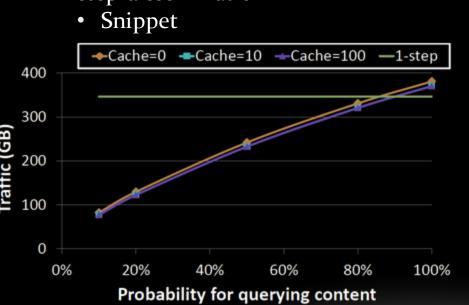
## EXAMPLE 2: FILM DELIVERY SYSTEM

- Requirement:
  - Distributors notify users as soon as they get a new film
  - Users can choose if they are going to download a specific film
  - Distributors can choose if they will transfer a film based on the policy

Distributor

• Solution:

• 2-step dissemination





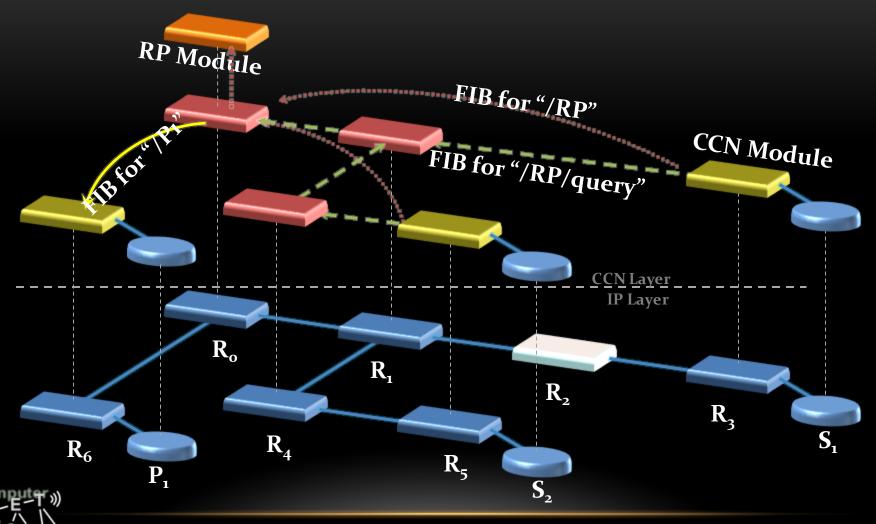
User

### INCREMENTAL DEPLOYMENT

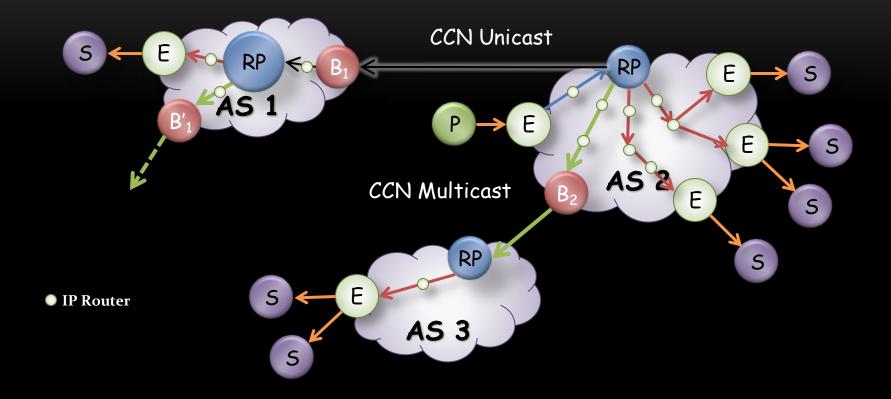
- Incremental deployment is desirable for infrastructure change
- How can CCN be enabled in the network at large scale? And efficient?
  - A *reasonable number* of nodes that are able to provide CCN functionality
  - The other nodes provide *high-speed*, *efficient* forwarding
  - As we go forward, we can have more nodes CCN enabled for scalability and performance.
- Our target:
  - **Evolve**: IP infrastructure → content-oriented network
    - Co-exist with the IP network throughout the evolution
    - An approach tightly integrated with IP network (using IP multicast)
  - Efficiency: Identify the key points
    - Content-centric forwarding *at key points* while using hash-based forwarding (IP) at the other nodes
    - Cache content *at key points*



## INCREMENTAL DEPLOYMENT



## INTER-DOMAIN MULTICAST





## Conclusion

- Why COPSS?
  - Temporal separation between providers (publishers) and consumers (subscribers)
- How does COPSS work?
  - Content Descriptor (CD)
  - Subscription and Publish packet
  - Subscription Table (ST)
- Optimizations in COPSS?
  - Automatic RP balancing
  - CD-RP Mapping
  - BloomFilter-based ST
- Hierarchical Map Partitioning

- 2-step Dissemination
  - Subscriber Interest
  - Policy Control
- Incremental Deployment
  - Using IP as underlay
  - Using IP multicast
- Inter-domain multicast

#### Advertisement

Student projects on COPSS (Under EU-FP7 GreenICN Project)

#### Topics:

- Disaster management
- (Live) video transfer
- Routing
- Name processing...



### References

- 1. Yi, Cheng, et al. "A case for stateful forwarding plane." Computer Communications 36.7 (2013): 779-791.
- 2. Chen, Jiachen, et al. "Copss: An efficient content oriented publish/subscribe system." ANCS, 2011.
- 3. Chen, Jiachen, et al. "G-COPSS: A Content Centric Communication Infrastructure for Gaming Applications." *ICDCS*, 2012.
- 4. Chen, Jiachen, et al. "Coexist: integrating content oriented publish/subscribe systems with ip." ANCS, 2012.
- 5. FP-7 EU Project: "Green ICN." <a href="http://www.greenicn.org/">http://www.greenicn.org/</a>

## ACKNOWLEDGMENT

The research leading to these results has received funding from the EU-JAPAN initiative by the EC Seventh Framework Programme (FP<sub>7</sub>/2007-2013) Grant Agreement № 608518 (GreenICN) and NICT under Contract № 167. The views and conclusions contained herein are those of the authors and should not be interpreted as necessarily representing the official policies or endorsements, either expressed or implied, of the GreenICN project, the European Commission, or NICT.

